

ARTICLE PREVIEW

[view full access options](#)

NATURE CLIMATE CHANGE | ARTICLE

Exceptional twentieth-century slowdown in Atlantic Ocean overturning circulation

Stefan Rahmstorf, Jason E. Box, Georg Feulner, Michael E. Mann, Alexander Robinson, Scott Rutherford & Erik J. Schaffernicht

Nature Climate Change **5**, 475–480 (2015) doi:10.1038/nclimate2554Received 14 July 2014 Accepted 28 January 2015 Published online 23 March 2015 Corrected online **03 September 2015**

Abstract

Possible changes in Atlantic meridional overturning circulation (AMOC) provide a key source of uncertainty regarding future climate change. Maps of temperature trends over the twentieth century show a conspicuous region of cooling in the northern Atlantic. Here we present multiple lines of evidence suggesting that this cooling may be due to a reduction in the AMOC over the twentieth century and particularly after 1970. Since 1990 the AMOC seems to have partly recovered. This time evolution is consistently suggested by an AMOC index based on sea surface temperatures, by the hemispheric temperature difference, by coral-based proxies and by oceanic measurements. We discuss a possible contribution of the melting of the Greenland Ice Sheet to the slowdown. Using a multi-proxy temperature reconstruction for the AMOC index suggests that the AMOC weakness after 1975 is an unprecedented event in the past millennium ($p > 0.99$). Further melting of Greenland in the coming decades could contribute to further weakening of the AMOC.

[READ THE FULL ARTICLE](#)

Subscribe to
*Nature Climate
Change* for full
access:
\$199

[Subscribe](#)

Purchase article
full text and PDF:
\$32

[Buy now](#)[Already a subscriber? Log in now](#) or [Register for online access.](#)

Additional access options:

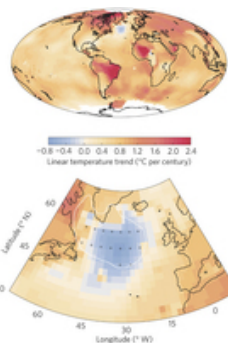
[Use a document delivery service](#) | [Login via Athens](#) | [Purchase a site license](#) | [Institutional access](#)[Change history](#)

Figure 1: Linear trends of annual surface temperature since AD 1901.

Corrected online 03 September 2015 In the version of the article published online on 03 September 2015, the caption for Fig. 1 was incorrect. The data plotted were for the calendar month of December and not the annual mean data. The caption has been corrected to read: 'Linear trends of annual surface temperature in the North Atlantic Ocean (1901–2013)'. The first sentence of the caption has been changed to: 'Linear trends of annual surface temperature in the North Atlantic Ocean (1901–2013)'. None of the conclusions in the Article are affected by this correction.

References

1. Stouffer, R. *et al.* Investigating the causes of the twentieth-century slowdown in Atlantic meridional overturning circulation to past and future climate changes. *J. Clim.* **19**, 1365–1387 (2006).
Based on the temperature data of NASA GISS (ref. 48). **a**, Global equal area map (Mollweide projection) for 1901–2013, white indicates surface data. **b**, Same analysis for the North Atlantic sector for 1901–2000. In addition to the observed data, the white area indicates the model results.
2. Latif, M. *et al.* Reconstructing, monitoring, and predicting multidecadal-scale changes in the North Atlantic thermohaline circulation with sea surface temperature. *J. Clim.* **17**, 1605–1614 (2004).
3. Dima, M. & Lohmann, G. Evidence for two distinct modes of large-scale ocean circulation changes over the last century. *J. Clim.* **23**, 5–16 (2010).
Purchase Article Subscribe Login
4. Thompson, D. W. J., Wallace, J. M., Kennedy, J. J. & Jones, P. D. An abrupt drop in Northern Hemisphere sea surface temperature around 1970. *Nature* **467**, 444–447 (2010).
5. Feulner, G., Rahmstorf, S., Levermann, A. & Volkwardt, S. On the origin of the surface air temperature difference between the hemispheres in Earth's present-day climate. *J. Clim.* **26**, 7136–7150 (2013).
6. Drijfhout, S., van Oldenborgh, G. J. & Cimadoribus, A. Is a decline of AMOC causing the warming hole above the North Atlantic in observed and modeled warming patterns? *J. Clim.* **25**, 8373–8379 (2012).
7. Booth, B. B. B., Dunstone, N. J., Halloran, P. R., Andrews, T. & Bellouin, N. Aerosols implicated as a prime driver of twentieth-century North Atlantic climate variability. *Nature* **484**, 228–232 (2012).
8. Zhang, R. *et al.* Have aerosols caused the observed Atlantic multidecadal variability? *J. Atmos. Sci.* **70**, 1135–1144 (2013).
9. Terray, L. Evidence for multiple drivers of North Atlantic multi-decadal climate variability. *Geophys. Res. Lett.* **39**, L19712 (2012).
10. Roberts, C. D., Garry, F. K. & Jackson, L. C. A multimodel study of sea surface temperature and subsurface density fingerprints of the Atlantic meridional overturning circulation. *J. Clim.* **26**, 9155–9174 (2013).
11. Jungclaus, J. H. *et al.* Characteristics of the ocean simulations in the Max Planck Institute Ocean Model (MPIOM) the ocean component of the MPI-Earth system model. *J. Adv. Model. Earth Syst.* **5**, 422–446 (2013).
12. Mann, M. E. *et al.* Proxy-based reconstructions of hemispheric and global surface temperature variations over the past two millennia. *Proc. Natl Acad. Sci. USA* **105**, 13252–13257 (2008).
13. Mann, M. E. *et al.* Global signatures and dynamical origins of the Little Ice Age and Medieval Climate Anomaly. *Science* **326**, 1256–1260 (2009).
14. Wanamaker, A. *et al.* Surface changes in the North Atlantic meridional overturning circulation during the last millennium. *Nature Commun.* **3**, 899 (2012).
15. Crowley, T. J. Causes of climate change over the past 1000 years. *Science* **289**, 270–277 (2000).
16. Shindell, D. T., Schmidt, G. A., Miller, R. L. & Mann, M. E. Volcanic and solar forcing of climate change during the preindustrial era. *J. Clim.* **16**, 4094–4107 (2003).
17. Feulner, G. Are the most recent estimates for Maunder Minimum solar irradiance in agreement with temperature reconstructions? *Geophys. Res. Lett.* **38**, L16706 (2011).
18. PAGES 2k Consortium Continental-scale temperature variability during the past two millennia. *Nature Geosci.* **6**, 339–346 (2013).
19. Willis, J. Can *in situ* floats and satellite altimeters detect long-term changes in Atlantic Ocean overturning? *Geophys. Res. Lett.* **37**, L06602 (2010).



published, in Fig. 1 the data plotted were for the calendar month of December and not the annual mean data. The caption has been corrected to read: 'Linear trends of annual surface temperature in the North Atlantic Ocean (1901–2013)'. The first sentence of the caption has been changed to: 'Linear trends of annual surface temperature in the North Atlantic Ocean (1901–2013)'. None of the conclusions in the Article are affected by this correction.

20. Moffa-Sanchez, P., Born, A., Hall, I. R., Thornalley, D. J. R. & Barker, S. Solar forcing of North Atlantic surface temperature and salinity over the past millennium. *Nature Geosci.* **7**, 275–278 (2014).
21. Miettinen, A., Divine, D., Koc, N., Godtliebsen, F. & Hall, I. R. Multicentennial variability of the sea surface temperature gradient across the subpolar North Atlantic over the last 2.8 kyr. *J. Clim.* **25**, 4205–4219 (2012).
22. Delworth, T. L. & Mann, M. E. Observed and simulated multidecadal variability in the Northern Hemisphere. *Clim. Dynam.* **16**, 661–676 (2000).
23. Chambers, D. P., Merrifield, M. A. & Nerem, R. S. Is there a 60-year oscillation in global mean sea level? *Geophys. Res. Lett.* **39**, L18607 (2012).
24. Tung, K. & Zhou, J. Using data to attribute episodes of warming and cooling in instrumental records. *Proc. Natl Acad. Sci. USA* **110**, 2058–2063 (2013).
25. Sherwood, O. A., Lehmann, M. F., Schubert, C. J., Scott, D. B. & McCarthy, M. D. Nutrient regime shift in the western North Atlantic indicated by compound-specific delta N-15 of deep-sea gorgonian corals. *Proc. Natl Acad. Sci. USA* **108**, 1011–1015 (2011).
26. Bryden, H. L., Longworth, H. R. & Cunningham, S. A. Slowing of the Atlantic meridional overturning circulation at 25° N. *Nature* **438**, 655–657 (2005).
27. Kanzow, T. *et al.* Seasonal variability of the Atlantic Meridional overturning circulation at 26.5° N. *J. Clim.* **23**, 5678–5698 (2010).
28. Smeed, D. A. *et al.* Observed decline of the Atlantic meridional overturning circulation 2004–2012. *Ocean Sci.* **10**, 29–38 (2014).
29. Curry, R. & Mauritzen, C. Dilution of the northern North Atlantic Ocean in recent decades. *Science* **308**, 1772–1774 (2005).
30. Belkin, I. M., Levitus, S., Antonov, J. & Malmberg, S.-A. “Great Salinity Anomalies” in the North Atlantic. *Prog. Oceanogr.* **41**, 1–68 (1998).
31. Dickson, R. R., Meincke, J., Malmberg, S. A. & Lee, A. J. The “Great Salinity Anomaly” in the northern North Atlantic, 1968–82. *Prog. Oceanogr.* **20**, 103–151 (1988).
32. Peterson, B. J. *et al.* Increasing river discharge to the Arctic Ocean. *Science* **298**, 2171–2173 (2002).
33. Box, J. & Colgan, W. Greenland Ice Sheet mass balance reconstruction. Part III: Marine ice loss and total mass balance (1840–2010). *J. Clim.* **26**, 6990–7002 (2013).
34. Rye, C. *et al.* Rapid sea-level rise along the Antarctic margins in response to increased glacial discharge. *Nature Geosci.* **7**, 732–735 (2014).
35. Lazier, J. R. N. Oceanographic conditions at Ocean Weather Ship *Bravo*, 1964–74. *Atmos-Ocean* **18**, 227–238 (1980).
36. Kuhlbrodt, T., Titz, S., Feudel, U. & Rahmstorf, S. A simple model of seasonal open ocean convection. Part II: Labrador Sea stability and stochastic forcing. *Ocean Dynam.* **52**, 36–49 (2001).
37. Gelderloos, R., Straneo, F. & Katsman, C. A. Mechanisms behind the temporary shutdown of deep convection in the Labrador Sea: Lessons from the great salinity anomaly years 1968–71. *J. Clim.* **25**, 6743–6755 (2012).
38. Robson, J. I., Sutton, R. T. & Smith, D. M. Initialized decadal predictions of the rapid warming of the North Atlantic Ocean in the mid 1990s. *Geophys. Res. Lett.* **39**, L19713 (2012).
39. Robson, J., Hodson, D., Hawkins, E. & Sutton, R. Atlantic overturning in decline? *Nature Geosci.* **7**, 2–3 (2014).
40. Lozier, M. S., Roussenov, V., Reed, M. S. C. & Williams, R. G. Opposing decadal changes for the North Atlantic meridional overturning circulation. *Nature Geosci.* **3**, 728–734 (2010).
41. Zhang, R. Coherent surface-subsurface fingerprint of the Atlantic meridional overturning circulation. *Geophys. Res. Lett.* **35**, L20705 (2008).
42. Hofmann, M. & Rahmstorf, S. On the stability of the Atlantic meridional overturning circulation. *Proc. Natl Acad. Sci. USA* **106**, 20584–20589 (2009).

43. Weaver, A. J. *et al.* Stability of the Atlantic meridional overturning circulation: A model intercomparison. *Geophys. Res. Lett.* **39**, L20709 (2012).
44. Nghiem, S. V. *et al.* The extreme melt across the Greenland Ice Sheet in 2012. *Geophys. Res. Lett.* **39**, L20502 (2012).
45. Bamber, J., van den Broeke, M., Ettema, J., Lenaerts, J. & Rignot, E. Recent large increases in freshwater fluxes from Greenland into the North Atlantic. *Geophys. Res. Lett.* **39**, L19501 (2012).
46. Rahmstorf, S. Shifting seas in the greenhouse? *Nature* **399**, 523–524 (1999).
47. Wood, R. A., Keen, A. B., Mitchell, J. F. B. & Gregory, J. M. Changing spatial structure of the thermohaline circulation in response to atmospheric CO₂ forcing in a climate model. *Nature* **399**, 572–575 (1999).
48. Hansen, J., Ruedy, R., Glascoe, J. & Sato, M. GISS analysis of surface temperature change. *J. Geophys. Res.* **104**, 30997–31022 (1999).
49. Morice, C. P., Kennedy, J. J., Rayner, N. A. & Jones, P. D. Quantifying uncertainties in global and regional temperature change using an ensemble of observational estimates: The HadCRUT4 data set. *J. Geophys. Res.* **117**, D08101 (2012).
50. Mann, M. E. & Lees, J. M. Robust estimation of background noise and signal detection in climatic time series. *Climatic Change* **33**, 409–445 (1996).
51. Huck, T., Colin de Verdiere, A., Estrade, P. & Schopp, R. Low-frequency variations of the large-scale ocean circulation and heat transport in the North Atlantic from 1955–1998 *in situ* temperature and salinity data. *Geophys. Res. Lett.* **35**, L23613 (2008).

Download references

Author information

Affiliations

Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research (PIK), Earth System Analysis, Potsdam 14473, Germany

Stefan Rahmstorf, Georg Feulner, Alexander Robinson & Erik J. Schaffernicht

Geologic Survey of Denmark and Greenland (GEUS), Østervoldgade 10, Copenhagen 1350, Denmark

Jason E. Box

Pennsylvania State University, Department of Meteorology, University Park, Pennsylvania 16802, USA

Michael E. Mann

Environmental Systems Institute (ESI), University Park, Pennsylvania 16802, USA

Michael E. Mann

Universidad Complutense de Madrid, Dpto Astrofísica y CC de la Atmósfera, Madrid 28040, Spain

Alexander Robinson

Instituto de Geociencias, UCM-CSIC, Madrid 28040, Spain

Alexander Robinson

Department of Environmental Science, Roger Williams University, Bristol, Rhode Island 02809, USA

Scott Rutherford

Contributions

S.Rahmstorf conceived and designed the research and wrote the paper, E.J.S., S.Rutherford, A.R. and G.F. performed the research, M.E.M. and J.E.B. contributed materials/analysis tools and co-wrote the paper.

Competing financial interests

The authors declare no competing financial interests.

Corresponding author

Correspondence to: Stefan Rahmstorf

Supplementary information

PDF files

1. Supplementary Information (1,047KB)

Nature Climate Change ISSN 1758-678X EISSN 1758-6798 This journal is printed on recycled paper

Header image source: ESA/NASA

© 2014 Macmillan Publishers Limited. All Rights Reserved.

partner of AGORA, HINARI, OARE, INASP, ORCID, CrossRef and COUNTER