

Comments on the WEO 2009

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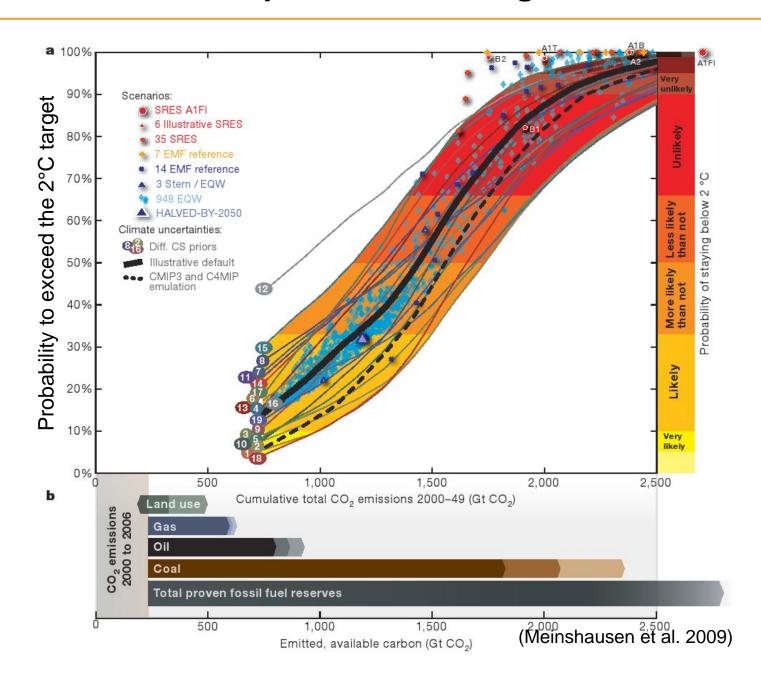








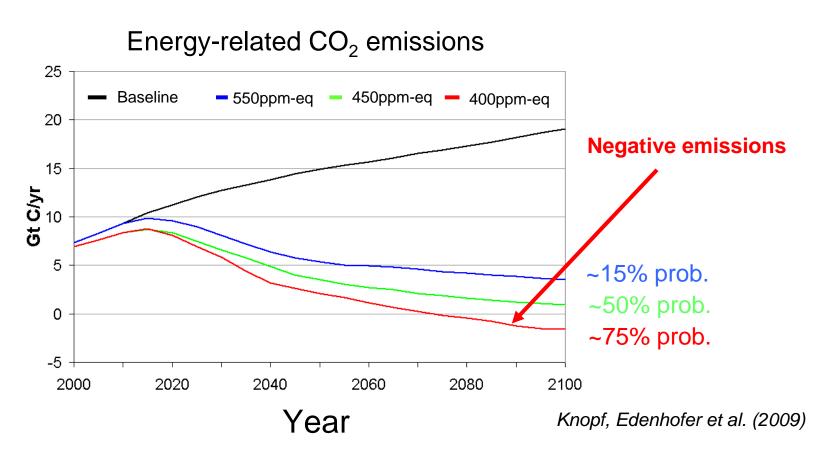
Climate Protection Implies a Remaining Stock of Emissions



The Economics of Atmospheric Stabilisation

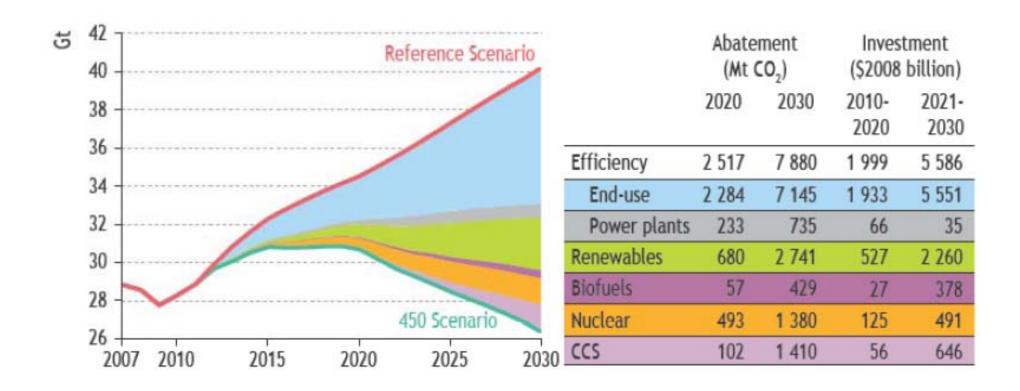


3 stabilisation targets with different probabilities to reach the 2° target: 550ppm-eq, 450ppm-eq, 400ppm-eq



WEO 2009 Mitigation Wedges

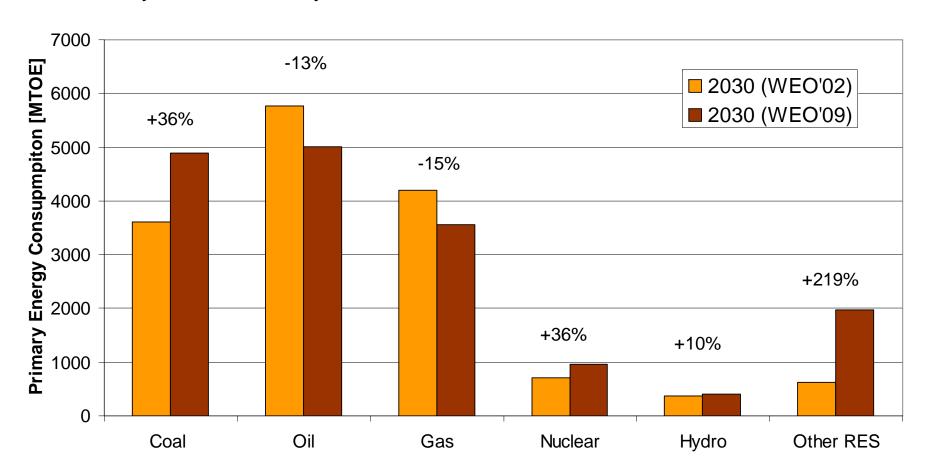




WEO Up-dated BAU Expectations



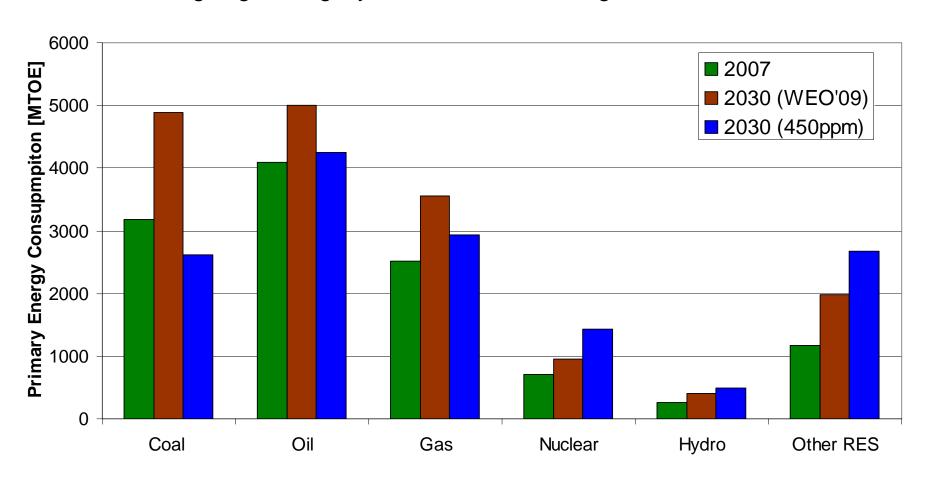
- Primary energy mix is expected to shift to coal and renewables
- Hydrocarbons may lose their dominant role



The Climate Challenge

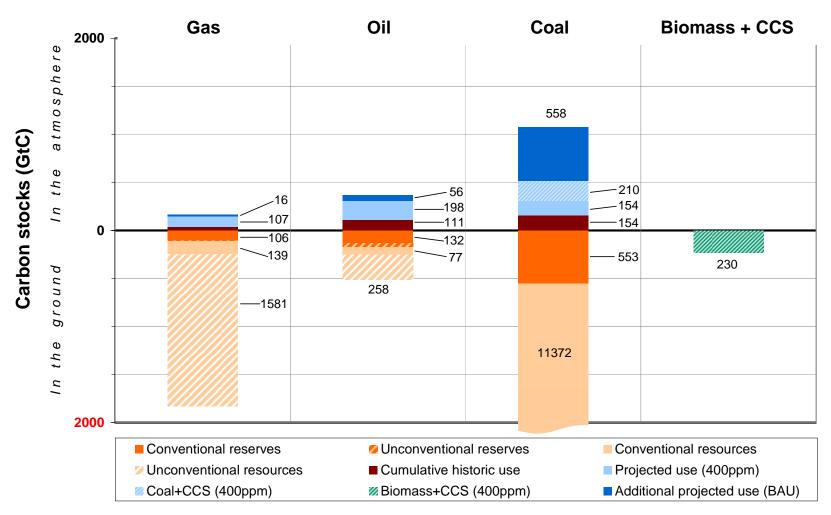


- The growth of "King Coal" must be contained
- Oil and gas grow slightly; low-carbon technologies must boom!



The Supply-side of Global Warming

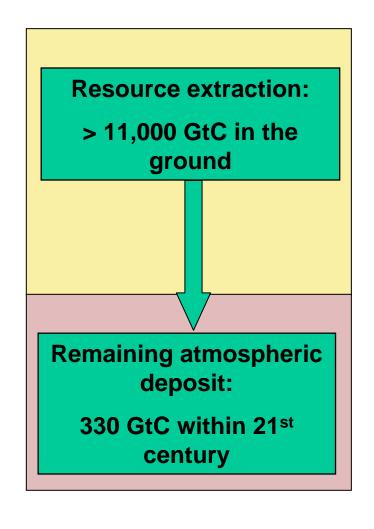




Cumulative historic carbon consumption (1750-2004), estimated carbon stocks in the ground, and estimated future consumption (2005-2100) for business-as-usual (BAU) and ambitious 400-ppm-CO₂-eq. scenario.

The Economics of Climate Mitigation



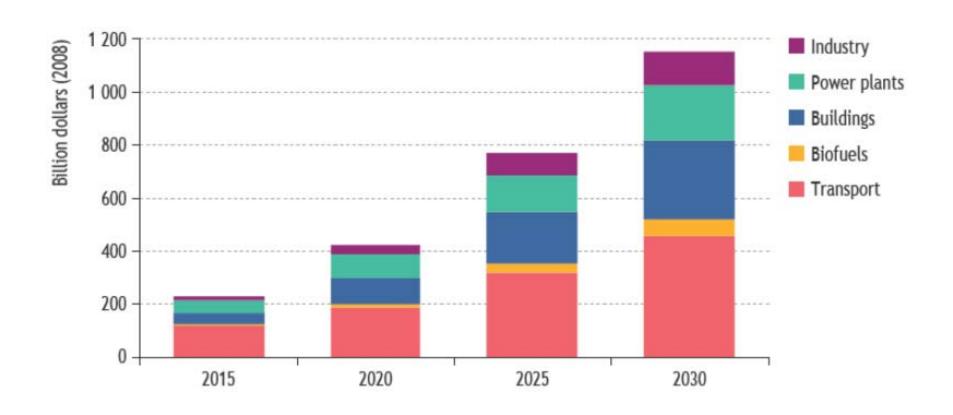


Issuing of permits in accordanc with the remaining atmospheric deposit:

- 1) Dividing the global budget into national budgets by international negotiations
- 2) International and intersectoral permit trade for a cost-effective achieving of the budget
- 3) Long-term credibility of the budget

Additional Investments in 450ppm Scenario





A Potential Copenhagen Deal



Set carbon budget
consistent with
+2°C planet
(ca. 800 -1000 GtCO₂
for 21st century)

Outline
roadmap
for subsequent
negotiations
on budget
allocation

Outline
roadmap
for
implementation
of global
carbon market